The BNY Mellon Sustainable Balanced Fund seeks long-term capital appreciation by investing in the equity securities of global companies which we believe have sustainable business models and in U.S. fixed income securities using an indexed approach. This investment process takes into consideration the potential impact and risks these companies have on the environment and society.

The fund changed its investment objective and strategy on April 1, 2019. Prior to April 1, 2019, the fund's investment objective was to provide current income, while maintaining the potential for long-term capital appreciation. To pursue these goals, until April 1, 2019, the fund used an actively-managed global multi-asset strategy that focused on income generation. In addition, until April 1, 2019, Newton was the sole sub-adviser for the fund. Newton allocated the fund's investments among equity and equity-related securities, debt and debt-related securities, and, generally to a lesser extent, real estate, commodities and infrastructure in developed and emerging markets.

Part of the fund’s recent performance is attributable to positive returns from its initial public offering (IPO) investments. There can be no guarantee that IPOs will have or continue to have a positive effect on fund performance. Currently, the fund is relatively small in asset size. IPOs tend to have a reduced effect on performance as a fund’s asset base grows.

Effective April 1, 2019, Dreyfus Global Multi-Asset Income Fund was renamed BNY Mellon Sustainable Balanced Fund. The fund’s Class Y shares and Class A shares were renamed Class K shares and Service Class shares, respectively, effective April 1, 2019. As of March 31, 2019, Class K shares are not available for purchase by individual investors. Class K shares are generally only offered to state-sponsored and/or state-administered retirement savings plans. Investors should discuss with their advisor the eligibility requirements for Class K and Service Class shares and the historical results achieved by the fund’s respective share classes.
increase the fund's risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to a local currency, or, in the case of hedged positions, that the local currency will decline relative to the currency being hedged. Each of these risks could be subject to interest-rate, credit, liquidity, call and market risks, to varying degrees. Generally, all other factors being equal, bond prices are inversely related to interest-rate changes and rate price volatility. Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of a mutual fund carefully before investing. To obtain a prospectus, or a summary prospectus, if available, that contains this and other information about a fund, contact your financial advisor or visit im.bnymellon.com. Read the prospectus carefully before investing.


1Portfolio composition is as of 3/31/2020 and is subject to change at any time.

Risks: Bonds are subject to interest-rate, credit, liquidity, call and market risks, to varying degrees. Generally, all other factors being equal, bond prices are inversely related to interest-rate changes and rate increases can cause price declines. Equities are subject to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks, among other factors, to varying degrees. Currencies are subject to the risk that those currencies will decline in value relative to a local currency, or, in the case of hedged positions, that the local currency will decline relative to the currency being hedged. Each of these risks could increase the fund’s volatility. Investing in foreign domiciled securities involves special risks, including changes in currency exchange rates, political, economic, and social instability, limited company information, differing auditing and legal standards, and less market liquidity. These risks generally are greater with emerging market countries. Impact investing and/or Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) managers may take into consideration factors beyond traditional financial information to select securities, which could result in relative investment performance deviating from other strategies or broad market benchmarks, depending on whether such sectors or investments are in or out of favor in the market. Further, ESG strategies may rely on certain values based criteria to eliminate exposures found in similar strategies or broad market benchmarks, which could also result in relative investment performance deviating. Recent market risks include pandemic risks related to COVID-19. The effects of COVID-19 have contributed to increased volatility in global markets and will likely affect certain countries, companies, industries and market sectors more dramatically than others. To the extent the fund may overweight its investments in certain countries, companies, industries or market sectors, such positions will increase the fund’s exposure to risk of loss from adverse developments affecting those countries, companies, industries or sectors.

The information being provided is general information about our firm and its products and services. It should not be construed as investment advice or a recommendation with respect to any product or service. Please consult a legal, tax or investment advisor in order to determine whether an investment product or service is appropriate for a particular situation.