BNY Mellon Ultra Short Income Fund
Prospectus  |  March 31, 2020

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<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Ticker</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>DSDDX</td>
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<tr>
<td>Z</td>
<td>DSIGX</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.
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Fund Summary

Investment Objective

The fund seeks high current income consistent with the maintenance of liquidity and low volatility of principal.

Fees and Expenses

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the fund.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management fees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution/service (12b-1) fees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other expenses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shareholder services fees</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous expenses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total other expenses</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total annual fund operating expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total annual fund operating expenses (after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 The fund's investment adviser, BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc., has contractually agreed, until March 31, 2021, to waive receipt of a portion of its management fees in the amount of .05% of the value of the fund's average daily net assets. On or after March 31, 2021, BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. may terminate this waiver agreement at any time.

2 BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. has contractually agreed, until March 31, 2021, to waive receipt of its fees and/or assume the direct expenses attributable to Class D and Class Z shares of the fund so that the direct expenses of Class D and Class Z shares (excluding Rule 12b-1 fees, shareholder services fees, taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, commitment fees on borrowings and extraordinary expenses) do not exceed .35%. On or after March 31, 2021, BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. may terminate this expense limitation agreement at any time.

Example

The Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest $10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the fund's operating expenses remain the same. The one-year example and the first year of the three-, five- and ten-years examples are based on net operating expenses, which reflect the fee waiver and expense limitation agreements by BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>1 Year</th>
<th>3 Years</th>
<th>5 Years</th>
<th>10 Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class D</td>
<td>$61</td>
<td>$225</td>
<td>$402</td>
<td>$916</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class Z</td>
<td>$45</td>
<td>$189</td>
<td>$346</td>
<td>$802</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Portfolio Turnover

The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy

To pursue its goal, the fund normally invests in a broad range of U.S. dollar-denominated debt securities, including money market instruments. The fund's investments may include: securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and...
The fund will concentrate its investments in the financial services industry. Therefore, under normal circumstances, the fund attempts to increase yields by trading to take advantage of short-term market variations. The fund's portfolio manager buys and sells debt securities based on credit quality, financial outlook and yield potential. The fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus any borrowings for investment purposes, in debt securities, including money market instruments. The fund is not a money market fund and is not subject to the maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements applicable to money market funds.

Under normal circumstances, the fund expects to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 120 days or less. In addition, the fund will only buy individual securities with remaining maturities of 18 months or less, or that have demand or other features which reduce their maturities to 18 months or less at the time of purchase.

Under normal circumstances, the fund invests only in securities that, at the time of purchase, are rated investment grade (i.e., Baa/BBB or higher) or in the top three short-term rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. The fund's portfolio manager buys and sells debt securities based on credit quality, financial outlook and yield potential. The fund attempts to increase yields by trading to take advantage of short-term market variations.

The fund will concentrate its investments in the financial services industry. Therefore, under normal circumstances, the fund will invest more than 25% of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations. The fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry for temporary defensive purposes.

Principal Risks

An investment in the fund is not a bank deposit. It is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency. It is not a complete investment program. The fund's share price fluctuates, sometimes dramatically, which means you could lose money.

- **Fixed-income market risk.** The market value of a fixed-income security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The fixed-income securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). An unexpected increase in fund redemption requests, including requests from shareholders who may own a significant percentage of the fund's shares, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the fund to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the fund's share price and increase the fund's liquidity risk, fund expenses and/or taxable distributions.

- **Interest rate risk.** Prices of bonds and other fixed rate fixed-income securities tend to move inversely with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in rates will adversely affect fixed-income securities and, accordingly, will cause the value of the fund's investments in these securities to decline. During periods of very low interest rates, which occur from time to time due to market forces or actions of governments and/or their central banks, including the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in the U.S., the fund may be subject to a greater risk of principal decline from rising interest rates. When interest rates fall, the fund's investments in new securities may be at lower yields and may reduce the fund's income. The magnitude of these fluctuations in the market price of fixed-income securities is generally greater for securities with longer effective maturities and durations because such instruments do not mature, reset interest rates or become callable for longer periods of time. Interest rate changes may have different effects on the values of mortgage-related securities because of prepayment and extension risks.

- **Credit risk.** Failure of an issuer of a security to make timely interest or principal payments when due, or a decline or perception of a decline in the credit quality of the security, can cause the security's price to fall. The lower a security's credit rating, the greater the chance that the issuer of the security will default or fail to meet its payment obligations.

- **Government securities risk.** Not all obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. Some obligations are backed only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in some cases there may be some risk of default by the issuer. Any guarantee by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities of a security held by the fund does not apply to the market value of
such security or to shares of the fund itself. A security backed by the U.S. Treasury or the full faith and credit of the United States is guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity.

- **Repurchase agreement counterparty risk.** The fund is subject to the risk that a counterparty in a repurchase agreement could fail to honor the terms of the agreement.

- **Mortgage-related securities risk.** Mortgage-related securities are complex derivative instruments, subject to credit, prepayment and extension risk, and may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than more traditional debt securities. The fund is subject to the credit risk associated with these securities, including the market's perception of the creditworthiness of the issuing federal agency, as well as the credit quality of the underlying assets. Although certain mortgage-related securities are guaranteed as to the timely payment of interest and principal by a third party (such as a U.S. government agency or instrumentality with respect to government-related mortgage-backed securities) the market prices for such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate. Declining interest rates may result in the prepayment of higher yielding underlying mortgages and the reinvestment of proceeds at lower interest rates can reduce the fund's potential price gain in response to falling interest rates, reduce the fund's yield and/or cause the fund's share price to fall (prepayment risk). Rising interest rates may result in a drop in prepayments of the underlying mortgages, which would increase the fund's sensitivity to rising interest rates and its potential for price declines (extension risk).

- **Municipal securities risk.** The amount of public information available about municipal securities is generally less than that for corporate equities or bonds. Special factors, such as legislative changes, and state and local economic and business developments, may adversely affect the yield and/or value of the fund's investments in municipal securities. Other factors include the general conditions of the municipal securities market, the size of the particular offering, the maturity of the obligation and the rating of the issue. Changes in economic, business or political conditions relating to a particular municipal project, municipality, or state, territory or possession of the United States in which the fund invests may have an impact on the fund's share price.

- **Asset-backed securities risk.** Asset-backed securities are complex derivative instruments, subject to credit, prepayment and extension risk, and may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than more traditional debt securities. General downturns in the economy could cause the value of asset-backed securities to fall. In addition, asset-backed securities present certain risks that are not presented by mortgage-backed securities. Primarily, these securities may provide the fund with a less effective security interest in the related collateral than do mortgage-backed securities.

- **Foreign investment risk.** The risks generally associated with dollar-denominated foreign investments include economic and political developments, seizure or nationalization of deposits, imposition of taxes or other restrictions on payment of principal and interest.

- **Liquidity risk.** When there is little or no active trading market for specific types of securities, it can become more difficult to sell the securities in a timely manner at or near their perceived value. In such a market, the value of such securities and the fund's share price may fall dramatically. The secondary market for certain municipal bonds tends to be less well developed or liquid than many other securities markets, which may adversely affect the fund's ability to sell such municipal bonds at attractive prices. Investments that are illiquid or that trade in lower volumes may be more difficult to value. Investments in foreign securities tend to have greater exposure to liquidity risk than domestic securities.

- **Inflation-indexed security risk.** Interest payments on inflation-indexed securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is periodically adjusted based on the rate of inflation. If the index measuring inflation falls, the interest payable on these securities will be reduced. The U.S. Treasury has guaranteed that in the event of a drop in prices, it would repay the par amount of its inflation-indexed securities. Inflation-indexed securities issued by corporations generally do not guarantee repayment of principal. Any increase in the principal amount of an inflation-indexed security will be considered taxable ordinary income, even though investors do not receive their principal until maturity. As a result, the fund may be required to make annual distributions to shareholders that exceed the cash the fund received, which may cause the fund to liquidate certain investments when it is not disadvantageous to do so. Also, if the principal value of an inflation-indexed security is adjusted downward due to deflation, amounts previously distributed may be characterized in some circumstances as a return of capital.

- **Zero coupon securities risk.** Zero coupon securities are debt securities issued or sold at a discount from their face value that do not entitle the holder to any periodic payment of interest prior to maturity or a specified redemption date (or cash payment date). The market prices of these securities generally are more volatile and are likely to respond to a greater degree changes in interest rates than the market prices of securities that pay cash interest periodically having similar maturities and credit qualities. In addition, unlike bonds which pay cash interest throughout the period to maturity, the fund will realize no cash until the cash payment or maturity date unless a portion of such securities are sold and, if the issuer defaults, the fund may obtain no return at all on its investment.
• **Issuer risk.** A security's market value may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, or to factors that affect the issuer's industry.

• **Financial services industry risk.** Under normal circumstances, the fund concentrates its investments in the financial services industry. This concentration subjects the fund to greater risk of loss as a result of adverse economic, business or other developments affecting companies in the financial services industry than if its investments were diversified across different industries.

• **Market risk.** The value of the securities in which the fund invests may be affected by political, regulatory, economic and social developments, and developments that impact specific economic sectors, industries or segments of the market. In addition, turbulence in financial markets and reduced liquidity in equity, credit and/or fixed income markets may negatively affect many issuers, which could adversely affect the fund. Global economies and financial markets are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. These risks may be magnified if certain events or developments adversely interrupt the global supply chain; in these and other circumstances, such risks might affect companies worldwide. Recent examples include pandemic risks related to COVID-19 and aggressive measures taken worldwide in response by governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines of large populations, and by businesses, including changes to operations and reducing staff. The effects of COVID-19 have contributed to increased volatility in global markets and will likely affect certain countries, companies, industries and market sectors more dramatically than others. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and any other outbreak of an infectious disease or other serious public health concern could have, a significant negative impact on economic and market conditions and could trigger a prolonged period of global economic slowdown. To the extent the fund may overweight its investments in certain countries, companies, industries or market sectors, such positions will increase the fund's exposure to risk of loss from adverse developments affecting those countries, companies, industries or sectors.

**Performance**

The following bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the performance of the fund's Class Z shares from year to year. The table compares the average annual total returns of the fund's Class Z and Class D shares to those of a broad measure of market performance. The fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future. More recent performance information may be available at www.bnymellonim.com/us.

The fund changed its investment objective and strategy on April 1, 2016. Prior to April 1, 2016, the fund's investment objective was to maximize total return, consisting of capital appreciation and current income. To pursue this goal, from November 15, 2013 until April 1, 2016, the fund invested principally in bonds rated investment grade and generally maintained an effective duration of one year or less. Prior to November 15, 2013, the fund invested principally in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities, and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities, including up to 35% of its assets in mortgage-related securities issued by U.S. government agencies or instrumentalities, and generally maintained an effective duration of approximately three years or less. Different investment strategies may lead to different performance results. The fund's performance for periods prior to April 1, 2016 reflects the fund's investment objective and strategies in effect prior to that date.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year-by-Year Total Returns as of 12/31 each year (%)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Class Z</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
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<tr>
<td>2017</td>
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<td>2016</td>
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<td>2000</td>
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<tr>
<td>1999</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Best Quarter: Q2, 2010: 0.73%
Worst Quarter: Q4, 2014: -0.48%

After-tax performance is shown only for Class Z shares. After-tax performance of the fund's other share classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates, and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on the investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and the after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their shares through U.S. tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. Returns after taxes on distributions and
sale of fund shares may be higher than returns before taxes or returns after taxes on distributions due to an assumed tax benefit from losses on a sale of the fund's shares at the end of the period.

For the fund's Class D shares, periods prior to the inception date reflect the performance of the fund's Class Z shares. Class D shares would have had substantially similar annual returns as the fund's Class Z shares because each share class invests in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would have differed only to the extent that the classes have different expenses. Such performance figures have not been adjusted to reflect the expenses of Class D shares; if such expenses had been reflected, the performance shown for Class D for such periods would have been lower.

### Average Annual Total Returns (as of 12/31/19)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class (Inception Date)</th>
<th>1 Year</th>
<th>5 Years</th>
<th>10 Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class Z returns before taxes</td>
<td>2.06%</td>
<td>0.88%</td>
<td>0.70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class Z returns after taxes on distributions</td>
<td>1.21%</td>
<td>0.25%</td>
<td>0.15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class Z returns after taxes on distributions and sale of fund shares</td>
<td>1.21%</td>
<td>0.40%</td>
<td>0.31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class D (11/15/13) returns before taxes</td>
<td>1.91%</td>
<td>0.76%</td>
<td>0.62%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ICE BofA Merrill Lynch 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index reflects no deductions for fees, expenses or taxes.

### Portfolio Management

The fund is managed by Dreyfus Cash Investment Strategies (CIS), a division of BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc. (BNYM Investment Adviser), the fund's investment adviser.

Investment decisions for the fund are made by members of the Taxable Fixed Income team of CIS. The team members are Patricia Larkin, Bernard W. Kiernan, Jr., Edward J. Von Sauers, James G. O'Connor, Thomas S. Riordan and Peter Henshaw. Ms. Larkin has been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since April 2016, Messrs. Kiernan, Von Sauers, O'Connor and Riordan have each been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since May 2017 and Mr. Henshaw has been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since March 2020. Ms. Larkin is the Chief Investment Officer of Money Market Strategies for CIS. Mr. Kiernan is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. Mr. Von Sauers is an Executive Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. Mr. O'Connor is a Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. Mr. Riordan is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. Mr. Henshaw is a Vice President and Co-Head of Money Market Trading for CIS.

### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

In general, the fund's minimum initial investment is $100,000 for Class D shares. Class Z shares generally are not available for new accounts. You may sell (redeem) your shares on any business day by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or by visiting www.bnymellonim.com/us. If you invested in the fund through a third party, such as a bank, broker-dealer or financial adviser, or through a Retirement Plan (as defined below), you may mail your request to sell shares to BNY Mellon Institutional Department, P.O. Box 9882, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8082. If you invested directly through the fund, you may mail your request to sell shares to BNY Mellon Shareholder Services, P.O. Box 9879, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8079. If you are an Institutional Direct accountholder, please contact your BNY Mellon relationship manager for instructions.

Retirement Plans include qualified or non-qualified employee benefit plans, such as 401(k), 403(b)(7), Keogh, pension, profit-sharing and other deferred compensation plans, whether established by corporations, partnerships, sole proprietorships, non-profit entities, trade or labor unions, or state and local governments, but do not include IRAs (including, without limitation, traditional IRAs, Roth IRAs, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, IRA "Rollover Accounts" or IRAs set up under Simplified Employee Pension Plans (SEP-IRAs), Salary Reduction Simplified Employee Pension Plans (SARSEPs) or Savings Incentive Match Plans for Employees (SIMPLE IRAs)).

### Tax Information

The fund's distributions are taxable as ordinary income or capital gains, except when your investment is through an IRA, Retirement Plan or other U.S. tax-advantaged investment plan (in which case you may be taxed upon withdrawal of your investment from such account).

### Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of fund shares and related services. To the extent that the intermediary
may receive lesser or no payments in connection with the sale of other investments, the payments from the fund and its related companies may create a potential conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your financial representative to recommend the fund over the other investments. This potential conflict of interest may be addressed by policies, procedures or practices adopted by the financial intermediary. As there may be many different policies, procedures or practices adopted by different intermediaries to address the manner in which compensation is earned through the sale of investments or the provision of related services, the compensation rates and other payment arrangements that may apply to a financial intermediary and its representatives may vary by intermediary. Ask your financial representative or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.
Fund Details

Goal and Approach

The fund seeks high current income consistent with the maintenance of liquidity and low volatility of principal. To pursue its goal, the fund normally invests in a broad range of U.S. dollar-denominated debt securities, including money market instruments. The fund's investments may include:

• securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities (including mortgage-related securities)

• certificates of deposit, time deposits, bankers' acceptances and other short-term securities issued by domestic or foreign banks or thrifts or their subsidiaries or branches

• domestic and foreign commercial paper, and other short-term corporate obligations, including those with floating or variable rates of interest

• obligations issued or guaranteed by one or more foreign governments or any of their political subdivisions or agencies

• repurchase agreements, including tri-party repurchase agreements (which are executed through a third party bank that provides payment administration, collateral custody and management services with respect to the transaction)

• asset-backed securities

• municipal securities

• inflation-indexed securities

• zero coupon securities

The fund is designed to provide a high degree of share price stability while generating higher returns than money market funds over time and, thus, may be an investment alternative to money market funds and other fixed-income funds. The fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets, plus any borrowings for investment purposes, in debt securities, including money market instruments. The fund is not a money market fund and is not subject to the maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements applicable to money market funds. The fund's share price will fluctuate and there can be no guarantee that the fund will generate higher returns than money market funds.

Under normal circumstances, the fund expects to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 120 days or less. In addition, the fund will only buy individual securities with remaining maturities of 18 months or less, or that have demand or other features which reduce their maturities to 18 months or less at the time of purchase. The maturity of a security is generally the period remaining until the principal amount must unconditionally be paid, or in the case of a security called for redemption, the date on which the redemption payment must be made. Dollar-weighted average maturity is the average of the stated maturities of the securities held by the fund, based on their dollar-weighted proportions in the fund.

Under normal circumstances, the fund invests only in securities that, at the time of purchase, are rated investment grade (i.e., Baa/BBB or higher) or in the top three short-term rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by BNYM Investment Adviser.

The fund's portfolio manager buys and sells debt securities based on credit quality, financial outlook and yield potential.

The fund attempts to increase yields by trading to take advantage of short-term market variations. This policy may result in high portfolio turnover but should not adversely affect the fund since the fund usually does not pay brokerage commissions when purchasing short-term obligations. In addition, the fund's yield will fluctuate as securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.

The fund will concentrate its investments in the financial services industry. Therefore, under normal circumstances, the fund will invest more than 25% of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations. Companies in the financial services industry include companies involved in activities such as banking, mortgage, consumer or specialized finance, investment banking, securities brokerage, asset management and custody, insurance, financial investment, real estate and mortgage finance and financial
conglomerates. The fund may, however, invest less than 25% of its assets in securities issued by companies in the financial services industry for temporary defensive purposes.

**Investment Risks**

An investment in the fund is not a bank deposit. It is not insured or guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. It is not a complete investment program. The value of your investment in the fund will fluctuate, sometimes dramatically, which means you could lose money.

- **Fixed-income market risk.** The market value of a fixed-income security may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates or adverse investor sentiment generally. The fixed-income securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). During periods of reduced market liquidity, the fund may not be able to readily sell fixed-income securities at prices at or near their perceived value. If the fund needed to sell large blocks of fixed-income securities to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the prices of such securities. An unexpected increase in fund redemption requests, including requests from shareholders who may own a significant percentage of the fund's shares, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the fund to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the fund's share price and increase the fund's liquidity risk, fund expenses and/or taxable distributions. Economic and other market developments can adversely affect fixed-income securities markets. Regulations and business practices, for example, have led some financial intermediaries to curtail their capacity to engage in trading (i.e., "market making") activities for certain fixed-income securities, which could have the potential to decrease liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income securities markets. Policy and legislative changes worldwide are affecting many aspects of financial regulation. The impact of these changes on the markets, and the practical implications for market participants, may not be fully known for some time.

- **Interest rate risk.** Prices of bonds and other fixed rate fixed-income securities tend to move inversely with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in rates will adversely affect fixed-income securities and, accordingly, will cause the value of the fund's investments in these securities to decline. During periods of very low interest rates, which occur from time to time due to market forces or actions of governments and/or their central banks, including the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in the U.S., the fund may be subject to a greater risk of principal decline from rising interest rates. When interest rates fall, the values of already-issued fixed rate fixed-income securities generally rise. However, when interest rates fall, the fund's investments in new securities may be at lower yields and may reduce the fund's income. The magnitude of these fluctuations in the market price of fixed-income securities is generally greater for securities with longer effective maturities and durations because such instruments do not mature, reset interest rates or become callable for longer periods of time. Interest rate changes may have different effects on the values of mortgage-related securities because of prepayment and extension risks.

- **Credit risk.** Failure of an issuer of a security to make timely interest or principal payments when due, or a decline in credit quality of the security, can cause the security's price to fall, lowering the value of the fund's investment in such security. The lower a security's credit rating, the greater the chance that the issuer of the security will default or fail to meet its payment obligations.

- **Government securities risk.** Not all obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. Some obligations are backed only by the credit of the issuing agency or instrumentality, and in some cases there may be some risk of default by the issuer. Any guarantee by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities of a security held by the fund does not apply to the market value of such security or to shares of the fund itself. A security backed by the U.S. Treasury or the full faith and credit of the United States is guaranteed only as to the timely payment of interest and principal when held to maturity. In addition, because many types of U.S. government securities trade actively outside the United States, their prices may rise and fall as changes in global economic conditions affect the demand for these securities.

- **Repurchase agreement counterparty risk.** The fund is subject to the risk that a counterparty in a repurchase agreement and/or, for a tri-party repurchase agreement, the third party bank providing payment administration, collateral custody and management services for the transaction, could fail to honor the terms of the agreement.

- **Mortgage-related securities risk.** Mortgage-related securities are complex derivative instruments, subject to credit, prepayment and extension risk, and may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than more traditional debt securities. The fund is subject to the credit risk associated with these securities, including the market's perception of the creditworthiness of the issuing federal agency, as well as the credit quality of the underlying assets.
Although certain mortgage-related securities are guaranteed as to the timely payment of interest and principal by a third party (such as a U.S. government agency or instrumentality with respect to government-related mortgage-backed securities) the market prices for such securities are not guaranteed and will fluctuate. As with other interest-bearing securities, the prices of certain mortgage-related securities are inversely affected by changes in interest rates. However, although the value of a mortgage-related security may decline when interest rates rise, the converse is not necessarily true, since in periods of declining interest rates the mortgages underlying the security are more likely to be prepaid causing the fund to purchase new securities at current market rates, which usually will be lower. The loss of higher yielding underlying mortgages and the reinvestment of proceeds at lower interest rates, known as prepayment risk, can reduce the fund's potential price gain in response to falling interest rates, reduce the fund's yield and/or cause the fund's share price to fall. When interest rates rise, the effective duration of the fund's mortgage-related and other asset-backed securities may lengthen due to a drop in prepayments of the underlying mortgages or other assets. This is known as extension risk and would increase the fund's sensitivity to rising interest rates and its potential for price declines.

- **Municipal securities risk.** The amount of public information available about municipal securities is generally less than that for corporate equities or bonds. Special factors, such as legislative changes, and state and local economic and business developments, may adversely affect the yield and/or value of the fund's investments in municipal securities. Other factors include the general conditions of the municipal securities market, the size of the particular offering, the maturity of the obligation and the rating of the issue. The municipal securities market can be susceptible to increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). During periods of reduced market liquidity, the fund may not be able to readily sell municipal securities at prices at or near their perceived value. If the fund needed to sell large blocks of municipal securities to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce the prices of such securities. An unexpected increase in fund redemption requests, including requests from shareholders who may own a significant percentage of the fund's shares, which may be triggered by market turmoil or an increase in interest rates, could cause the fund to sell its holdings at a loss or at undesirable prices and adversely affect the fund's share price and increase the fund's liquidity risk and fund expenses. Changes in economic, business or political conditions relating to a particular municipal project, municipality, or state, territory or possession of the United States in which the fund invests may have an impact on the fund's share price. A credit rating downgrade relating to, default by, or insolvency or bankruptcy of, one or several municipal security issuers of a state, territory or possession of the United States in which the fund invests could affect the market values and marketability of many or all municipal securities of such state, territory or possession.

- **Asset-backed securities risk.** Asset-backed securities are complex derivative instruments, subject to credit, prepayment and extension risk, and may be more volatile, less liquid and more difficult to price accurately than more traditional debt securities. General downturns in the economy could cause the value of asset-backed securities to fall. In addition, asset-backed securities present certain risks that are not presented by mortgage-backed securities. Primarily, these securities may provide the fund with a less effective security interest in the related collateral than do mortgage-backed securities. Therefore, there is the possibility that recoveries on the underlying collateral may not, in some cases, be available to support payments on these securities.

- **Foreign investment risk.** The risks generally associated with dollar-denominated foreign investments include economic and political developments, seizure or nationalization of deposits, imposition of taxes or other restrictions on payment of principal and interest. Additional risks associated with investments in foreign issuers include less liquidity, less developed or less efficient trading markets, lack of comprehensive company information, political and economic instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Some sovereign obligors have been among the world's largest debtors to commercial banks, other governments, international financial organizations and other financial institutions. These obligors, in the past, may have experienced substantial difficulties in servicing their external debt obligations, which led to defaults on certain obligations and the restructuring of certain indebtedness.

- **Liquidity risk.** When there is little or no active trading market for specific types of securities, it can become more difficult to sell the securities in a timely manner at or near their perceived value. In such a market, the value of such securities and the fund's share price may fall dramatically. Other market developments can adversely affect fixed-income securities markets. Regulations and business practices, for example, have led some financial intermediaries to curtail their capacity to engage in trading (i.e., "market making") activities for certain fixed-income securities, which could have the potential to decrease liquidity and increase volatility in the fixed-income securities markets. The secondary market for certain municipal bonds tends to be less well developed or liquid than many other securities markets, which may adversely affect the fund's ability to sell such municipal bonds at attractive prices. Investments that are illiquid or that trade in lower volumes may be more difficult to value. Investments in foreign securities tend to have greater exposure to liquidity risk than domestic securities. Liquidity can decline unpredictably in response to overall economic conditions or credit tightening. Increases in volatility and decreases in liquidity may be caused by a
rise in interest rates (or the expectation of a rise in interest rates). Liquidity risk also may refer to the risk that the fund will not be able to pay redemption proceeds within the allowable time period stated in this prospectus because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons. To meet redemption requests, the fund may be forced to sell securities at an unfavorable time and/or under unfavorable conditions, which may adversely affect the fund's share price.

- **Inflation-indexed security risk.** Interest payments on inflation-indexed securities can be unpredictable and will vary as the principal and/or interest is periodically adjusted based on the rate of inflation. If the index measuring inflation falls, the interest payable on these securities will be reduced. The U.S. Treasury has guaranteed that in the event of a drop in prices, it would repay the par amount of its inflation-indexed securities. Inflation-indexed securities issued by corporations generally do not guarantee repayment of principal. Any increase in the principal amount of an inflation-indexed security will be considered taxable ordinary income, even though investors do not receive their principal until maturity. As a result, the fund may be required to make annual distributions to shareholders that exceed the cash the fund received, which may cause the fund to liquidate certain investments when it is not advantageous to do so. Also, if the principal value of an inflation-indexed security is adjusted downward due to deflation, amounts previously distributed may be characterized in some circumstances as a return of capital.

- **Zero coupon securities risk.** Zero coupon securities are debt securities issued or sold at a discount from their face value that do not entitle the holder to any periodic payment of interest prior to maturity or a specified redemption date (or cash payment date). The market prices of these securities generally are more volatile and are likely to respond to a greater degree to changes in interest rates than the market prices of securities that pay cash interest periodically having similar maturities and credit qualities. In addition, unlike bonds which pay cash interest throughout the period to maturity, the fund will realize no cash until the cash payment or maturity date unless a portion of such securities are sold and, if the issuer defaults, the fund may obtain no return at all on its investment. The Internal Revenue Code requires the holder of a zero coupon security to accrue income with respect to these securities prior to the receipt of cash payments. To maintain its qualification as a regulated investment company and avoid liability for federal income tax, the fund may be required to distribute such income accrued with respect to these securities and may have to dispose of portfolio securities under disadvantageous circumstances in order to generate cash to satisfy this distribution requirement.

- **Issuer risk.** A security's market value may decline for a number of reasons which directly relate to the issuer, such as management performance, financial leverage and reduced demand for the issuer's products or services, or factors that affect the issuer's industry, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

- **Financial services industry risk.** Under normal circumstances, the fund concentrates its investments in the financial services industry. This concentration subjects the fund to greater risk of loss as a result of adverse economic, business or other developments affecting companies in the financial services industry than if its investments were diversified across different industries. The profitability of financial services companies is dependent on the availability and cost of capital and can be significantly affected by changes in interest rates and monetary policy. Financial services companies are exposed to losses if borrowers and other counterparties experience financial problems and/or cannot repay their obligations. Financial services companies also are subject to extensive government regulation, including policy and legislative changes in the United States and other countries that are changing many aspects of financial regulation.

- **Market risk.** The value of the securities in which the fund invests may be affected by political, regulatory, economic and social developments, and developments that impact specific economic sectors, industries or segments of the market. In addition, turbulence in financial markets and reduced liquidity in equity, credit and/or fixed income markets may negatively affect many issuers, which could adversely affect the fund. Global economies and financial markets are becoming increasingly interconnected, and conditions and events in one country, region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. These risks may be magnified if certain events or developments adversely interrupt the global supply chain; in these and other circumstances, such risks might affect companies worldwide. Recent examples include pandemic risks related to COVID-19 and aggressive measures taken worldwide in response by governments, including closing borders, restricting international and domestic travel, and the imposition of prolonged quarantines of large populations, and by businesses, including changes to operations and reducing staff. The effects of COVID-19 have contributed to increased volatility in global markets and will likely affect certain countries, companies, industries and market sectors more dramatically than others. The COVID-19 pandemic has had, and any other outbreak of an infectious disease or other serious public health concern could have, a significant negative impact on economic and market conditions and could trigger a prolonged period of global economic slowdown. To the extent the fund may overweight its investments in certain countries, companies, industries or market sectors, such positions will increase the fund's exposure to risk of loss from adverse developments affecting those countries, companies, industries or sectors.
In addition to the principal risks described above, the fund is subject to the following additional risks that are not anticipated to be principal risks of investing in the fund:

- **Prepayment risk.** Some securities give the issuer the option to prepay or call the securities before their maturity date, which may reduce the market value of the security and the anticipated yield-to-maturity. Issuers often exercise this right when interest rates fall. If an issuer “calls” its securities during a time of declining interest rates, the fund might have to reinvest the proceeds in an investment offering a lower yield, and therefore might not benefit from any increase in value as a result of declining interest rates. During periods of market illiquidity or rising interest rates, prices of “callable” issues are subject to increased price fluctuation.

- **Portfolio turnover risk.** The fund may engage in short-term trading, which could produce taxable distributions and lower the fund's after-tax performance.

- **Temporary investment risk.** Under adverse market conditions, the fund could invest some or all of its assets in U.S. Treasury securities or hold cash. Although the fund would do this for temporary defensive purposes, it could reduce the benefit from any upsweep in the market. During such periods, the fund's investments may not be consistent with its principal investment strategy, and the fund may not achieve its investment objective.

### Management

The fund is managed by Dreyfus Cash Investment Strategies, a division of BNY Mellon Investment Adviser, Inc., the fund's investment adviser, 240 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10286. BNYM Investment Adviser manages approximately $236 billion in 141 mutual fund portfolios. For the past fiscal year, the fund paid BNYM Investment Adviser a management fee at the effective annual rate of .12% of the value of the fund's average daily net assets. A discussion regarding the basis for the board's approving the fund's management agreement with BNYM Investment Adviser is available in the fund's semiannual report for the six-month period ended May 31, 2019. BNYM Investment Adviser is the primary mutual fund business of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation (BNYM), a global investments company dedicated to helping its clients manage and service their financial assets throughout the investment lifecycle. Whether providing financial services for institutions, corporations or individual investors, BNY Mellon delivers informed investment management and investment services in 35 countries. BNY Mellon is a leading investment management and investment services company, uniquely focused to help clients manage and move their financial assets in the rapidly changing global marketplace. BNY Mellon has $37.1 trillion in assets under custody and administration and $1.9 trillion in assets under management. BNY Mellon is the corporate brand of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation. BNY Mellon Investment Management is one of the world's leading investment management organizations, and one of the top U.S. wealth managers, encompassing BNY Mellon's affiliated investment management firms, wealth management services and global distribution companies. Additional information is available at [www.bnymellon.com](http://www.bnymellon.com).

The asset management philosophy of BNYM Investment Adviser is based on the belief that discipline and consistency are important to investment success. For each fund, BNYM Investment Adviser seeks to establish clear guidelines for portfolio management and to be systematic in making decisions. This approach is designed to provide each fund with a distinct, stable identity.

Investment decisions for the fund are made by members of the Taxable Fixed Income team of CIS. The team members are Patricia Larkin, Bernard W. Kiernan, Jr., Edward J. Von Sauers, James G. O’Connor, Thomas S. Riordan and Peter Henshaw, all of whom are jointly and primarily responsible for managing the fund's portfolio. Ms. Larkin has been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since April 2016, Messrs. Kiernan, Von Sauers, O’Connor and Riordan have each been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since May 2017 and Mr. Henshaw has been a primary portfolio manager of the fund since March 2020. Ms. Larkin is the Chief Investment Officer of Money Market Strategies for CIS. She has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 1984. Mr. Kiernan is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. He has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 1981. Mr. Von Sauers is an Executive Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. He has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 1987. Mr. O’Connor is a Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. He has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 1999. Mr. Riordan is a Senior Vice President and Senior Portfolio Manager for CIS. He has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 1995. Mr. Henshaw is a Vice President and Co-Head of Money Market Trading for CIS. He has been an employee of BNYM Investment Adviser since 2004.

The fund's Statement of Additional Information (SAI) provides additional portfolio manager information, including compensation, other accounts managed and ownership of fund shares.

BNY Mellon Securities Corporation (BNYMSC), a wholly-owned subsidiary of BNYM Investment Adviser, serves as distributor of the fund and of the other funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. Any Rule 12b-1 fees and shareholder services fees, as applicable, are paid to BNYMSC for financing the sale and distribution of fund shares and
for providing shareholder account service and maintenance, respectively. BNYM Investment Adviser or BNYMSC may provide cash payments out of its own resources to financial intermediaries that sell shares of funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds or provide other services. Such payments are separate from any sales charges, 12b-1 fees and/or shareholder services fees or other expenses that may be paid by a fund to those financial intermediaries. Because those payments are not made by fund shareholders or the fund, the fund's total expense ratio will not be affected by any such payments. These payments may be made to financial intermediaries, including affiliates, that provide shareholder servicing, sub-administration, recordkeeping and/or sub-transfer agency services, marketing support and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the financial intermediary. Cash compensation also may be paid from BNYM Investment Adviser's or BNYMSC's own resources to financial intermediaries for inclusion of a fund on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list or in other sales programs. These payments sometimes are referred to as "revenue sharing." From time to time, BNYM Investment Adviser or BNYMSC also may provide cash or non-cash compensation to financial intermediaries or their representatives in the form of occasional gifts; occasional meals, tickets or other entertainment; support for due diligence trips; educational conference sponsorships; support for recognition programs; technology or infrastructure support; and other forms of cash or non-cash compensation permissible under broker-dealer regulations. In some cases, these payments or compensation may create an incentive for a financial intermediary or its employees to recommend or sell shares of the fund to you. This potential conflict of interest may be addressed by policies, procedures or practices that are adopted by the financial intermediary. As there may be many different policies, procedures or practices adopted by different intermediaries to address the manner in which compensation is earned through the sale of investments or the provision of related services, the compensation rates and other payment arrangements that may apply to a financial intermediary and its representatives may vary by intermediary. Please contact your financial representative for details about any payments they or their firm may receive in connection with the sale of fund shares or the provision of services to the fund.

The fund, BNYM Investment Adviser and BNYMSC have each adopted a code of ethics that permits its personnel, subject to such code, to invest in securities, including securities that may be purchased or held by the fund. Each code of ethics restricts the personal securities transactions of employees, and requires portfolio managers and other investment personnel to comply with the code's preclearance and disclosure procedures. The primary purpose of the respective codes is to ensure that personal trading by employees is done in a manner that does not disadvantage the fund or other client accounts.
Shareholder Guide

Choosing a Share Class

This prospectus offers Class D and Class Z shares of the fund. The classes of fund shares represent investment in the same portfolio of securities, but differ in their expenses, eligibility and minimum purchase requirements, and the services they offer to shareholders. A complete description of these classes follows. The fund offers another class of shares, which is described in a separate prospectus.

Class D Shares

Class D shares are designed primarily for investors who are purchasing fund shares directly from the fund or through financial intermediaries that have entered into agreements with the fund's distributor to sell such shares. Class D shares are subject to an annual Rule 12b-1 fee of .25% of the value of the fund's average daily net assets attributable to Class D shares paid to the fund's distributor for distributing Class D shares, for advertising and marketing related to Class D shares, and for providing account services and maintenance to the holders of Class D shares. Because the Rule 12b-1 fee is paid on an ongoing basis out of the fund's assets attributable to Class D shares, over time it will increase the cost of your investment in Class D shares and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

Class Z Shares

Class Z shares generally are offered only to shareholders of the fund who have continuously held fund shares since the date the fund's shares were classified as Class Z shares and who purchase Class Z shares directly from the fund for accounts maintained with the fund. Class Z shares also may be purchased for new accounts for certain group Retirement Plans or wrap accounts or similar programs. See the SAI for more information regarding shareholders eligible to purchase Class Z shares. Class Z shares are subject to an annual shareholder services fee of up to .25% to reimburse the fund's distributor for shareholder account service and maintenance expenses.

Buying and Selling Shares

You pay no sales charges to invest in shares of the fund. Your price for shares is the net asset value (NAV) per share, which is calculated as of the scheduled close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on days the NYSE is scheduled to be open for regular business.

Your order will be priced at the next NAV calculated after your order is received in proper form by the fund's transfer agent or other authorized entity, and the shares purchased will receive the dividend declared on the next business day. "Proper form" refers to completion of an account application (if applicable), satisfaction of requirements in this section (subject to "Shareholder Guide—General Policies") and any applicable conditions in "Additional Information About How to Redeem Shares" in the SAI. Authorized entities other than the fund's transfer agent may apply different conditions for the satisfaction of "proper form" requirements. For more information, consult a representative of your financial intermediary. When calculating NAV's, BNYM Investment Adviser generally values fixed-income investments based on values supplied by an independent pricing service approved by the fund's board. The pricing service's procedures are reviewed under the general supervision of the board. If market quotations or official closing prices or valuations from a pricing service are not readily available, or are determined not to reflect accurately fair value, the fund may value those investments at fair value as determined in accordance with procedures approved by the fund's board. Fair value of investments may be determined by the fund's board, its pricing committee or its valuation committee in good faith using such information as it deems appropriate under the circumstances. Using fair value to price investments may result in a value that is different from a security's most recent closing price and from the prices used by other mutual funds to calculate their net asset values. Foreign securities held by the fund may trade on days when the fund does not calculate its NAV and thus may affect the fund's NAV on days when investors will not be able to purchase or sell (redeem) fund shares.

Orders to buy and sell shares received by an authorized entity (such as a bank, broker-dealer or financial adviser, or Retirement Plan that has entered into an agreement with the fund's distributor) by the time as of which the fund calculates its NAV (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) and transmitted to the fund's distributor or its designee by the close of its business day (usually 5:15 p.m. Eastern time) will be based on the NAV determined that day.
How to Buy Shares

By Mail.

Regular Accounts. To open a regular account, complete an application and mail it, together with a check payable to The BNY Mellon Family of Funds, to the appropriate address below. To purchase additional shares in a regular account, mail a check payable to The BNY Mellon Family of Funds (with your account number on your check), together with an investment slip, to the appropriate address below.

IRA Accounts. To open an IRA account or make additional investments in an IRA account, be sure to specify the fund name and the year for which the contribution is being made. When opening a new account include a completed IRA application applicable to the type of IRA for which the investment is made, and when making additional investments include an investment slip. Make checks payable to The BNY Mellon Family of Funds, and mail to the appropriate address below.

Mailing Address. If you are investing directly through the fund, mail to:

BNY Mellon Shareholder Services
P.O. Box 9879
Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8079

If you are investing through a third party, such as a bank, broker-dealer or financial adviser, or in a Retirement Plan, mail to:

BNY Mellon Institutional Department
P.O. Box 9882
Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8082

If you are applying for an Institutional Direct account, please contact your BNY Mellon relationship manager for mailing instructions.

Electronic Check or Wire. To purchase shares by wire or electronic check, please call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) for more information.

Telephone or Online. To purchase additional shares by telephone or online, you can call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or visit www.bnymellonim.com/us to request your transaction. In order to do so, you must have elected the TeleTransfer Privilege on your account application or a Shareholder Services Form. See "Services for Fund Investors — Wire Redemption and TeleTransfer Privileges" for more information. Institutional Direct accounts are not eligible for online services.

 Automatically. You may purchase additional shares by selecting one of the automatic investment services made available to the fund on your account application or service application. See "Services for Fund Investors – Automatic Services."

The minimum initial and subsequent investment for regular accounts is $100,000 for Class D shares, and $100 for each class, respectively. The minimum initial investment for Retirement Plans or IRAs (other than Coverdell Education Savings Accounts) sponsored by BNYM Investment Adviser or its affiliates is $750, with no minimum subsequent investment. The minimum initial investment for Coverdell Education Savings Accounts sponsored by BNYM Investment Adviser or its affiliates is $500, with no minimum subsequent investment. Subsequent investments made through TeleTransfer are subject to a $100 minimum and a $150,000 maximum. All investments must be in U.S. dollars. Third-party checks, cash, travelers’ checks or money orders will not be accepted. You may be charged a fee for any check that does not clear.

How to Sell Shares

You may sell (redeem) shares at any time. Your shares will be sold at the next NAV calculated after your order is received in proper form by the fund's transfer agent or other authorized entity. Any certificates representing fund shares being sold must be returned with your redemption request. Your order will be processed promptly.

If you request the fund to transmit your redemption proceeds to you by check, the fund expects that your redemption proceeds normally will be sent within two business days after your request is received in proper form. If you request the fund to transmit your redemption proceeds to you by wire via the Wire Redemption Privilege ($1,000 minimum) or electronic check via the TeleTransfer Privilege ($500 minimum), and the fund has your bank account information on file, the fund expects that your redemption proceeds normally will be wired within one business day or sent by electronic check within two business days, as applicable, to your bank account after your request is received in proper form. See "Services for Fund Investors — Wire Redemption and TeleTransfer Privileges" for more information. Payment of redemption proceeds may take longer than the number of days the fund typically expects and may take up to seven days.
after your order is received in proper form by the fund's transfer agent or other authorized entity, particularly during periods of stressed market conditions or very large redemptions or excessive trading. If a redemption request is received in proper form by the fund's transfer agent or other authorized entity by 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, the shares to be redeemed will receive the dividend declared on that day.

The processing of redemptions may be suspended, and the delivery of redemption proceeds may be delayed beyond seven days, depending on the circumstances, for any period: (i) during which the NYSE is closed (other than on holidays or weekends), or during which trading on the NYSE is restricted; (ii) when an emergency exists that makes the disposal of securities owned by the fund or the determination of the fair value of the fund's net assets not reasonably practicable; or (iii) as permitted by order of the Securities and Exchange Commission for the protection of fund shareholders. For these purposes, the Securities and Exchange Commission determines the conditions under which trading shall be deemed to be restricted and an emergency shall be deemed to exist.

Before selling or writing a check against shares recently purchased by check, TeleTransfer or Automatic Asset Builder, please note that:

- if you send a written request to sell such shares, the fund may delay sending the proceeds for up to eight business days following the purchase of those shares or until the fund receives verification of clearance of the funds used to purchase such shares, whichever is earlier
- the fund will not honor redemption checks or process wire, telephone, online or TeleTransfer redemption requests for up to eight business days following the purchase of those shares or until the fund receives verification of clearance of the funds used to purchase such shares, whichever is earlier

Under normal circumstances, the fund expects to meet redemption requests by using cash it holds in its portfolio or selling portfolio securities to generate cash. In addition, the fund, and certain other funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds, may draw upon an unsecured credit facility for temporary or emergency purposes to meet redemption requests.

The fund also reserves the right to pay redemption proceeds in securities rather than cash (i.e., "redeem in-kind"), to the extent the composition of the fund's investment portfolio enables it to do so. Generally, a redemption-in-kind may be made under the following circumstances: (1) BNYM Investment Adviser determines that a redemption in-kind (i) is more advantageous to the fund (e.g., due to advantageous tax consequences or lower transaction costs) than selling/purchasing portfolio securities, (ii) will not favor the redeeming shareholder to the detriment of any other shareholder or the fund and (iii) is in the best interests of the fund; (2) to manage liquidity risk (i.e., the risk that the fund could not meet redemption requests without significant dilution of remaining investors' interests in the fund); (3) in stressed market conditions; or (4) subject to the approval of the fund's board in other circumstances identified by BNYM Investment Adviser. Securities distributed in connection with any such redemption in-kind are expected to generally represent your pro rata portion of assets held by the fund immediately prior to the redemption, with adjustments as may be necessary in connection with, for example, certain derivatives, restricted securities, odd lots or fractional shares. Any securities distributed in-kind will remain exposed to market risk until sold, and you may incur transaction costs and taxable gain when selling the securities.

By Mail.

**Regular Accounts.** To redeem shares in a regular account by mail, send a letter of instruction that includes your name, your account number, the name of the fund, the share class, the dollar amount to be redeemed and how and where to send the proceeds. Mail your request to the appropriate address below.

**IRA Accounts.** To redeem shares in an IRA account by mail, send a letter of instruction that includes all of the same information for regular accounts and indicate whether the distribution is qualified or premature and whether the 10% TEFRA should be withheld. Mail your request to the appropriate address below.

**Mailing Address.** If you invested directly through the fund, mail to:

BNY Mellon Shareholder Services
P.O. Box 9879
Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8079

If you invested through a third party, such as a bank, broker-dealer or financial adviser, or in a Retirement Plan, mail to:

BNY Mellon Institutional Department
P.O. Box 9882
Providence, Rhode Island 02940-8082

If you are an Institutional Direct account holder, please contact your BNY Mellon relationship manager for mailing instructions.
A medallion signature guarantee is required for some written sell orders. These include:

- amounts of $10,000 or more on accounts whose address has been changed within the last 30 days
- requests to send the proceeds to a different payee or address
- amounts of $100,000 or more

A medallion signature guarantee helps protect against fraud. You can obtain one from most banks or securities dealers, but not from a notary public. For joint accounts, each signature must be guaranteed. Please call to ensure that your medallion signature guarantee will be processed correctly.

**Telephone or Online.** To redeem shares by telephone or online, call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or, for regular accounts, visit [www.bnymellonim.com/us](http://www.bnymellonim.com/us) to request your transaction. Institutional Direct accounts are not eligible for online services.

By calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only), you may speak to a BNY Mellon representative and request that redemption proceeds be paid by check and mailed to your address of record (maximum $250,000 per day). For redemption requests made online through [www.bnymellonim.com/us](http://www.bnymellonim.com/us) or through Express® automated account access system, there is a $100,000 per day limit.

If the fund has your bank account information on file, you may request a wire via the Wire Redemption Privilege ($1,000 minimum) or electronic check via the TeleTransfer Privilege ($500 minimum) and proceeds will be wired or sent by electronic check, as applicable, to your bank account. See "Services for Fund Investors — Wire Redemption and TeleTransfer Privileges" for more information.

**Automatically.** You may sell shares in a regular account by completing an Automatic Withdrawal Form which you can obtain by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only), visiting [www.bnymellonim.com/us](http://www.bnymellonim.com/us) or contacting your financial representative. For instructions on how to establish automatic withdrawals to sell shares in an IRA account, please call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or contact your financial representative. See "Services for Fund Investors — Automatic Services."

**General Policies**

The fund and the fund's transfer agent are authorized to act on telephone or online instructions from any person representing himself or herself to be you and reasonably believed by the fund or the transfer agent to be genuine. You may be responsible for any fraudulent telephone or online order as long as the fund or the fund's transfer agent (as applicable) takes reasonable measures to confirm that the instructions are genuine.

All shareholder services and privileges offered to shareholders may be modified or terminated at any time, except as otherwise stated in the fund's SAI. Please see the fund's SAI for additional information on buying and selling shares, privileges and other shareholder services.

If you invest through a financial intermediary (rather than directly through the fund), the policies may be different than those described herein. For example, banks, brokers, Retirement Plans, financial advisers and financial supermarkets may charge transaction fees and may set different minimum investments or limitations on buying or selling shares. Please consult your financial representative.

The fund may be used by investors for short-term investments or for cash management purposes. Therefore, although BNYM Investment Adviser discourages excessive trading and other abusive trading practices, the fund has not adopted policies and procedures, or imposed redemption fees or other restrictions such as minimum holding periods, to deter frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares. BNYM Investment Adviser also believes that the fund is not a target of abusive trading practices because it seeks to maintain a high degree of share price stability. However, frequent purchases and redemptions of the fund's shares could increase the fund's transaction costs, such as market spreads and custodial fees, and may interfere with the efficient management of the fund's portfolio, which could detract from the fund's performance. Accordingly, the fund reserves the right to refuse any purchase or exchange request in whole or in part for any reason, including if there appears to be a pattern of short-term or excessive trading by an investor in another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. Certain other funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds have approved policies and procedures that are intended to discourage and prevent abusive trading practices in those mutual funds, which may apply to exchanges from or into the fund. If you plan to exchange your fund shares for shares of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds, please read the prospectus of that other fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds for more information.

The fund also reserves the right to:

- reject any purchase or exchange request in whole or in part
• change or discontinue fund exchanges, or temporarily suspend exchanges during unusual market conditions

• change its minimum investment amount

Small Account Policies

To offset the relatively higher costs of servicing smaller accounts, the fund may charge regular accounts with balances below $2,000 an annual fee of $12. The fee generally will be imposed during the fourth quarter of each calendar year.

No small account fee will be charged: any investor whose aggregate investments in the funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds total at least $25,000; IRA accounts; Retirement Plan accounts; accounts participating in automatic investment programs; and accounts opened through a financial institution.

For holders of Class D shares, except as stated below, if your account falls below $50,000, the fund may ask you to increase your balance. If it is still below $50,000 after 30 days, the fund may close your account and send you the proceeds. For holders of Class Z shares and holders of Class D shares who have held Class D shares since March 31, 2016, you must maintain a minimum balance of at least $500.

Escheatment

If your account is deemed "abandoned" or "unclaimed" under state law, the fund may be required to "escheat" or transfer the assets in your account to the applicable state's unclaimed property administration. The state may sell escheated shares and, if you subsequently seek to reclaim your proceeds of liquidation from the state, you may only be able to recover the amount received when the shares were sold. It is your responsibility to ensure that you maintain a correct address for your account, keep your account active by contacting the fund's transfer agent or distributor by mail or telephone or accessing your account through the fund's website at least once a year, and promptly cash all checks for dividends, capital gains and redemptions. The fund, the fund's transfer agent and BNYM Investment Adviser and its affiliates will not be liable to shareholders or their representatives for good faith compliance with state escheatment laws.

Distributions and Taxes

Each share class will generate a different dividend because each has different expenses. The fund earns dividends, interest and other income from its investments, and distributes this income (less expenses) to shareholders as dividends. The fund also realizes capital gains from its investments, and distributes these gains (less any losses) to shareholders as capital gain distributions. The fund normally pays dividends monthly and capital gain distributions, if any, annually. Fund dividends and capital gain distributions will be reinvested in the fund unless you or your financial intermediary instruct the fund otherwise. There are no fees or sales charges imposed by the fund on reinvestments.

Distributions paid by the fund are subject to federal income tax, and also may be subject to state or local taxes (unless you are investing through an IRA, Retirement Plan or other U.S. tax-advantaged investment plan). For federal tax purposes, in general, certain fund distributions, including distributions of short-term capital gains, are taxable as ordinary income. Other fund distributions, including dividends from certain U.S. companies and certain foreign companies and distributions of long-term capital gains, generally are taxable as qualified dividends and capital gains, respectively.

High portfolio turnover and more volatile markets can result in significant taxable distributions to shareholders, regardless of whether their shares have increased in value. The tax status of any distribution generally is the same regardless of how long you have been in the fund and whether you reinvest your distributions or take them in cash.

If you buy shares of the fund when the fund has realized but not yet distributed income or capital gains, you will be "buying a dividend" by paying the full price for the shares and then receiving a portion back in the form of a taxable distribution.

Your sale of shares, including exchanges into other funds, may result in a capital gain or loss for tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment in the fund generally is the difference between the cost of your shares and the amount you receive when you sell them.

The tax status of your distributions will be detailed in your annual tax statement from the fund. Because everyone's tax situation is unique, please consult your tax adviser before investing. Annual year-end distribution estimates, if any, are expected to be available beginning in early October, and may be updated from time to time, at http://im.bnymellon.com/taxcenter or by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or your financial representative.

Services for Fund Investors

The following services may be available to fund investors. If you purchase shares through a third party financial intermediary or in a Retirement Plan, the financial intermediary or Retirement Plan recordkeeper may impose different
restrictions on these services and privileges, or may not make them available at all. Consult a representative of your financial intermediary or Retirement Plan for further information.

**Automatic Services**

Buying or selling shares automatically is easy with the services described below. With each service, you select a schedule and amount, subject to certain restrictions. For information, call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or your financial representative.

**Automatic Asset Builder** permits you to purchase fund shares (minimum of $100 and maximum of $150,000 per transaction) at regular intervals selected by you. Fund shares are purchased by transferring funds from the bank account designated by you.

**Payroll Savings Plan** permits you to purchase fund shares (minimum of $100 per transaction) automatically through a payroll deduction.

**Government Direct Deposit** permits you to purchase fund shares (minimum of $100 and maximum of $50,000 per transaction) automatically from your federal employment, Social Security or other regular federal government check.

**Dividend Sweep** permits you to automatically reinvest dividends and distributions from the fund in shares of the same class, or another class in which you are eligible to invest, of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. However, if you hold fund shares through financial intermediary brokerage platforms, you may invest automatically your dividends and distributions from the fund only in shares of the same class of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. Shares held through a Coverdell Education Savings Account sponsored by BNYM Investment Adviser or its affiliates are not eligible for this privilege.

**Auto-Exchange Privilege** permits you to exchange at regular intervals your fund shares for shares of the same class, or another class in which you are eligible to invest, of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. However, if you hold fund shares through financial intermediary brokerage platforms, you may only exchange fund shares for shares of the same class of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds.

**Automatic Withdrawal Plan** permits you to make withdrawals (minimum of $50) on a specific day each month, quarter or semiannual or annual period, provided your account balance is at least $5,000.

**Fund Exchanges**

Generally, you can exchange shares worth $500 or more (no minimum for Retirement Plans and IRAs sponsored by BNYM Investment Adviser or its affiliates) into shares of the same class, or another class in which you are eligible to invest, of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. However, if you hold fund shares through financial intermediary brokerage platforms, you may only exchange fund shares for shares of the same class of another fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds. You can request your exchange by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) or your financial representative. If you are an Institutional Direct accountholder, please contact your BNY Mellon relationship manager for instructions. Be sure to read the current prospectus for any fund into which you are exchanging before investing. Any new account established through an exchange generally will have the same privileges as your original account (as long as they are available). There is currently no fee for exchanges, although you may be charged a sales load when exchanging into any fund that has one.

Your exchange request will be processed on the same business day it is received in proper form, provided that each fund is open at the time of the request (i.e., the request is received by the latest time each fund calculates its NAV for that business day). If the exchange is accepted at a time of day after one or both of the funds is closed (i.e., at a time after the NAV for the fund has been calculated for that business day), the exchange will be processed on the next business day. See the SAI for more information regarding exchanges.

**Wire Redemption and TeleTransfer Privileges**

To redeem shares from your fund account with a phone call (for regular or IRA accounts) or online (for regular accounts only), use the Wire Redemption Privilege or the TeleTransfer Privilege. To purchase additional shares in your fund account with a phone call (for regular or IRA accounts) or online (for regular accounts only), use the TeleTransfer Privilege. You can set up the Wire Redemption Privilege and TeleTransfer Privilege on your account by providing bank account information and following the instructions on your application or, if your account has already been established, a Shareholder Services Form which you can obtain by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only), visiting www.bnymellonim.com/us or contacting your financial representative. Shares held in a Coverdell Education Savings Account may not be redeemed through the Wire Redemption or TeleTransfer Privileges. Institutional Direct accounts are not eligible for the Wire Redemption or TeleTransfer Privileges initiated online.
**Account Statements**

Every investor in a fund in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds automatically receives regular account statements. You will also be sent a yearly statement detailing the tax characteristics of any dividends and distributions you have received.

**Checkwriting Privilege**

You may write redemption checks against your account in amounts of $500 or more. These checks are free; however, a fee will be charged if you request a stop payment or if the transfer agent cannot honor a redemption check due to insufficient funds or another valid reason. Please do not postdate your checks or use them to close your account.

**Express Voice-Activated Account Access System**

You can check your account balances, get fund price and performance information, order documents and much more, by calling 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only) and using the Express voice-activated account access system. You may also be able to purchase fund shares and/or transfer money between your funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds using the Express voice-activated account access system. Certain requests require the services of a representative.
These financial highlights describe the performance of the fund’s Class D and Class Z shares for the fiscal periods indicated. "Total return" shows how much your investment in the fund would have increased (or decreased) during each period, assuming you had reinvested all dividends and distributions. These financial highlights have been derived from the fund’s financial statements, which have been audited by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the fund’s financial statements, is included in the annual report, which is available upon request.

### Financial Highlights

#### Year Ended November 30,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class D Shares</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2018</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Per Share Data ($)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net asset value, beginning of period</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.17</td>
<td>10.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment Operations:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income—net&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.16</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>.03</td>
<td>.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments</td>
<td>.00&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>(.01)</td>
<td>.00&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>(.07)</td>
<td>(.16)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total from Investment Operations</td>
<td>.20</td>
<td>.15</td>
<td>.07</td>
<td>(.04)</td>
<td>(.05)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributions:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from investment income—net</td>
<td>(.20)</td>
<td>(.15)</td>
<td>(.07)</td>
<td>(.06)</td>
<td>(.21)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net asset value, end of period</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Return (%)</td>
<td>1.97</td>
<td>1.54</td>
<td>.70</td>
<td>(.39)</td>
<td>(.52)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratios/Supplemental Data (%):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of total expenses to average net assets</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>.81</td>
<td>.89</td>
<td>.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of net expenses to average net assets</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>.60</td>
<td>.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of net investment income to average net assets</td>
<td>1.96</td>
<td>1.56</td>
<td>.68</td>
<td>.34</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portfolio Turnover Rate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>51.72</td>
<td>59.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets, end of period ($ x 1,000)</td>
<td>43,124</td>
<td>38,260</td>
<td>27,102</td>
<td>14,913</td>
<td>16,261</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>a</sup> Based on average shares outstanding.<br>
<sup>b</sup> Amount represents less than $.01 per share.

#### Year Ended November 30,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Per Share Data ($)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net asset value, beginning of period</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.08</td>
<td>10.17</td>
<td>10.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment Operations:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment income—net&lt;sup&gt;a&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>.21</td>
<td>.17</td>
<td>.08</td>
<td>.05</td>
<td>.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments</td>
<td>.00&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>.00&lt;sup&gt;b&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>.00&lt;sup&gt;b,c&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>(.07)</td>
<td>(.17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total from Investment Operations</td>
<td>.21</td>
<td>.17</td>
<td>.08</td>
<td>(.02)</td>
<td>(.05)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributions:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends from investment income—net</td>
<td>(.21)</td>
<td>(.17)</td>
<td>(.09)</td>
<td>(.07)</td>
<td>(.22)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net asset value, end of period</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.07</td>
<td>10.08</td>
<td>10.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Return (%)</td>
<td>2.09</td>
<td>1.68</td>
<td>.75</td>
<td>(.16)</td>
<td>(.38)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratios/Supplemental Data (%):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of total expenses to average net assets</td>
<td>.66</td>
<td>.70</td>
<td>.74</td>
<td>.79</td>
<td>.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of net expenses to average net assets</td>
<td>.44</td>
<td>.47</td>
<td>.45</td>
<td>.44</td>
<td>.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of net investment income to average net assets</td>
<td>2.09</td>
<td>1.65</td>
<td>.83</td>
<td>.48</td>
<td>1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portfolio Turnover Rate</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>51.72</td>
<td>59.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets, end of period ($ x 1,000)</td>
<td>52,758</td>
<td>56,408</td>
<td>60,688</td>
<td>82,454</td>
<td>91,230</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>a</sup> Based on average shares outstanding.<br>
<sup>b</sup> Amount represents less than $.01 per share.<br>
<sup>c</sup> In addition to net realized and unrealized losses on investments, this amount includes an increase in net asset value per share resulting from the timing of issuances and redemptions of shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the fund’s investments.
For More Information

BNY Mellon Ultra Short Income Fund

More information on this fund is available free upon request, including the following:

Annual/Semiannual Report

The fund's annual and semiannual reports describe the fund's performance, list portfolio holdings and contain a letter from the fund's manager discussing recent market conditions, economic trends and fund strategies that significantly affected the fund's performance during the period covered by the report. The fund's most recent annual and semiannual reports are available at www.bnymellonim.com/us.

Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

The SAI provides more details about the fund and its policies. A current SAI is available at www.bnymellonim.com/us and is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The SAI is incorporated by reference (and is legally considered part of this prospectus).

Portfolio Holdings

Funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds (except Dreyfus money market funds) generally disclose, at www.bnymellonim.com/us, (1) complete portfolio holdings as of each month-end with a one month lag and as of each calendar quarter end with a 15-day lag; (2) top 10 holdings as of each month-end with a 10-day lag; and (3) from time to time, certain security-specific performance attribution data as of a month-end, with a 10-day lag. From time to time a fund may make available certain portfolio characteristics, such as allocations, performance- and risk-related statistics, portfolio-level statistics and non-security specific attribution analyses, on request. For funds in the BNY Mellon Family of Funds (except Dreyfus money market funds), portfolio holdings will remain on the website for a period of six months and any security-specific performance attribution data will remain on the website for varying periods up to six months, provided that portfolio holdings will remain until the fund files its Form N-PORT or Form N-CSR for the period that includes the dates of the posted holdings. Dreyfus money market funds generally disclose, at www.dreyfus.com, their complete schedule of holdings daily. Each Dreyfus money market fund's daily posting of its complete portfolio holdings will remain available on the website for five months.

A complete description of the fund's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the fund's portfolio securities is available in the fund's SAI and at www.bnymellonim.com/us.

To Obtain Information

By telephone. Call 1-800-373-9387 (inside the U.S. only)

By mail.
The BNY Mellon Family of Funds
144 Glenn Curtiss Boulevard
Uniondale, NY 11556-0144

By E-mail. Send your request to info@bnymellon.com

On the Internet. Certain fund documents can be viewed online or downloaded from:

SEC: www.sec.gov

Dreyfus money market funds: www.dreyfus.com

This prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation in any state or jurisdiction in which, or to any person to whom, such offering or solicitation may not lawfully be made.

SEC file number: 811-04888

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